## Stormwater Utility Development

#### COUNCIL WORK SESSION February 8, 2016







## **Discussion Agenda**

- Understanding Stormwater Utility Development
- Key Success Factors
- Example Rate Calculation
- Next Steps

### Why Have a Stormwater Utility?

3

- Existing stormwater system is at or near capacity
- Storm events are causing problems and generating complaints
- Stormwater MS4 permitting requirements and on-going costs
- Chronic deferral of stormwater capital investments
- Chronic deferral of routine system maintenance
- Lost capital revenue due to no stormwater system development charge
- Cannot sustain a full time stormwater program and system with a partial funding source(s)

Stormwater management has become a regulated municipal service & utility...like water and wastewater



# Legal Framework

5

## General Authority

- Municipal powers provision
- Case law

## Local Authority

- Albany Municipal Code
- Fee resolution



## **The Roseburg Decision 1993**

- City of Roseburg stormwater utility was challenged by local school district and other businesses
- Case heard in State Tax Court
- Tax Court held that the utility service charge was indeed a tax and not a service charge
- Case appealed to Oregon Supreme Court who reversed the Tax Court decision

This was a fee, not a tax because it was controllable and avoidable AND was not imposed upon the owner of real property as a direct consequence of ownership.











## **Key Success Factors**

- Establish stormwater program needs & priorities
- Identify costs
- Balanced approach to service charge development
- Build internal systems to support the charges
- Public Communication/Messaging:
  - Need for the program
  - Services provided by the utility
  - Basis for the service charge



### **Basic Rate Structure – Example**

15

- Single Family Home
  - O Uniform Rate
  - Variations may include parcel size and tiers
  - Average amount of impervious surface becomes basis for "equivalent residential unit" (ERU)
- Commercial/Industrial
  - Measured impervious area for each

#### Parcel Boundary - Aerial Photo of Commercial Property



#### Aerial Photo with Impervious Surfaces Identified...Roofs and Paved Areas



## **Commercial/Industrial Property - Example**

18

<u>26,136 sq. ft.</u> 2,700 sq. ft./ERU\*

= 9.68 ERUs

Monthly Service Charge = 9.68 ERUs x \$ RATE/ERU

\* ERU = equivalent residential unit or the average amount of impervious surface on a single family home



## **Next Steps**

19

### • March 7, 2016

- o Legal Authority
- Rate Structure Guidance
- o Public Process

### • Meeting #2

- **o** Revenue Requirements
- Rate Details
- Program Development/Implementation Schedule
- Meeting #3 TBD



# **Questions/Discussion**

